

Habitats Regulations Assessment Screening Statement

Draft Sustainable Construction Supplementary Planning Document

October 2021

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1. Introduction

- 1.1 The Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations (2017) (as amended) provide protection for sites that are of exceptional importance in respect of rare, endangered or vulnerable natural habitats and species. The network consists of Special Areas of Conservation (SACs) and Special Protection Areas (SPAs). Both types can also be referred to as European Sites. The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) states that Ramsar sites should be afforded the same level of protection and refers to SACs, SPAs and Ramsar sites as 'Habitat Sites'.
- 1.2 The requirement to undertake Habitats Regulation Assessment (HRA) of plans and projects is set out in the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations (2017) (as amended).
- 1.3 Regulation 105 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations (2017) states:

'Where a land use plan:

- (a) Is likely to have a significant effect on a European site or a European offshore marine site (either alone or in combination with other plans or projects), and
- (b) Is not directly connected with or necessary to the management of the site, The plan-making authority for that plan must, before the plan is given effect, make an appropriate assessment of the implications for the site in view of that site's conservation objectives.'
- 1.4 The HRA is therefore undertaken in stages and should conclude whether or not a proposal or policy would adversely affect the integrity of any sites.
 - Stage 1: Determining whether a plan is likely to have a significant effect on a European site. This needs to take account of the likely impacts in combination with other relevant plans and projects. This assessment should be made using the precautionary principle. The screening assessment must reflect the outcomes of the 2018 judgement of the Court of Justice of the European

Union¹, which has ruled that where mitigation is necessary this must be identified through an Appropriate Assessment.

- Stage 2: Carrying out Appropriate Assessment and ascertaining the effect on site integrity. The effects of the plan on the conservation objectives of sites should be assessed, to ascertain whether the plan has an adverse effect on the integrity of a European site.
- Stage 3: Identifying mitigation measures and alternative solutions. The aim of this stage is to find ways of avoiding or significantly reducing adverse impacts, so that site integrity is no longer at risk. If there are still likely to be negative impacts, the option should be dropped, unless exceptionally it can be justified by imperative reasons of overriding public interest.
- 1.5 The draft Sustainable Construction Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) is being produced by East Suffolk Council. The SPD will apply to the whole of the East Suffolk Council area, outside of the Broads. This report considers whether there are likely to be significant effects on protected Habitat sites and where a full Appropriate Assessment may be required.
- 1.6 East Suffolk (outside of the Broads) is covered by two Local Plans, the East Suffolk Council - Suffolk Coastal Local Plan adopted September 2020 and the Waveney Local Plan adopted March 2019.
- 1.7 Both Local Plans were subject to Habitats Regulations Assessment as part of their production. Where screening identified a likely significant effect, Appropriate Assessment was undertaken and the mitigation measures identified were incorporated within the Plans, resulting in conclusions that the plans will not lead to any adverse effects on Habitat sites within and in the vicinity of the (then) Suffolk Coastal and Waveney Districts. Both Appropriate Assessments identified recreational disturbance particularly from dog walkers as a significant effect. The Council has subsequently produced a Recreational Avoidance and Mitigation Strategy and requires payment towards mitigation from residential developments within 13km of the protected Habitat sites.

¹ C-323/17 – People over Wind, Peter Sweetman v Coillte Teoranta

2. Protected sites covered by this report

2.1 Sites included in this assessment are listed in Table 1. This includes all sites that are within 20km of East Suffolk. The locations of the sites are shown on maps in Appendix 2 and the Qualifying Features and Conservation Objectives of the sites are contained in Appendix 3, along with a summary of the pressures and threats as documented in the Appropriate Assessments for the Local Plans.

Name
Alde-Ore and Butley Estuaries SAC,
Alde-Ore Estuary SPA, Ramsar
Benacre to Easton Bavents SPA
Benacre to Easton Bavents Lagoons SAC
Breydon Water SPA, Ramsar
Broadland SPA, Ramsar
Deben Estuary SPA, Ramsar
Dew's Ponds SAC
Great Yarmouth North Denes SPA
Haisborough, Hammond and Winterton SAC
Minsmere to Walberswick Heaths & Marshes SAC
Minsmere – Walberswick SPA, Ramsar
Norfolk Valley Fens SAC
Outer Thames Estuary SPA
Orfordness – Shingle Street SAC
Sandlings SPA
Southern North Sea SAC
Staverton Park and The Thicks, Wantisden SAC
Stour and Orwell Estuaries SPA, Ramsar
The Broads SAC
Winterton-Horsey Dunes SAC

Table 1: Relevant Habitat sites

3. Sustainable Construction Supplementary Planning Document

- 3.1 This HRA report reviews an early draft of the Sustainable Construction Supplementary Planning Document (SPD).
- 3.2 The draft Sustainable Construction SPD provides information and advice on a range of topics including energy efficiency, renewable energy, water conservation, and use of materials. The guidance contained in the draft SPD will assist in the implementation of Local Plan and Neighbourhood Plan policies for East Suffolk. The SPD, when adopted, will be a material consideration in the determination of applications for planning permission. The SPD does not cover parts of East Suffolk that are within the Broads, for which the Broads Authority is the local planning authority.
- 3.3 Chapter 1 of the SPD is descriptive, setting out Council's commitment to fighting climate change, explaining the policy context and purpose of the SPD. This section is descriptive and has therefore not been included in the screening table in section 5 of this report.
- 3.5 Other chapters in the SPD provide detailed guidance on the different aspects of sustainable construction policies. These chapters cover a number of aspects and considerations, including: water efficiency and management, energy efficiency and carbon reduction, siting and orientation, materials, waste, sustainable construction and the historic and natural environments, renewable and low carbon energy, construction methods and healthy buildings and places. The SPD also includes further guidance for those making planning applications.
- 3.5 The SPD also includes appendices. These provide additional detail to support the main body of the SPD but do not in themselves introduce any new requirements and have therefore not been included in the screening table in section 5 of this report.

4. Other Plans and Projects

- 4.1 Regulation 105 of the Habitats Regulations requires consideration to be given to whether a Plan will have an effect either alone or in combination with other plans or projects.
- 4.2 As noted in the introduction, the other key plans are the Local Plans. The Local Plans set out the broad scale and distribution of development across the area of East Suffolk formerly covered by Suffolk Coastal District and Waveney District.
- 4.3 The draft Sustainable Construction Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) adds detail to a number of policies within both the Suffolk Coastal Local Plan and the Waveney Local Plan, specifically:

Suffolk Coastal Local Plan:

- Policy SCLP7.1: Sustainable Transport
- Policy SCLP8.2: Open Space
- Policy SCLP9.1: Low Carbon & Renewable Energy
- Policy SCLP9.2: Sustainable Construction
- Policy SCLP9.3: Coastal Change Management Area
- Policy SCLP9.4: Coastal Change Rollback or Relocation
- Policy SCLP9.5: Flood Risk
- Policy SCLP9.6: Sustainable Drainage Systems
- Policy SCLP9.7: Holistic Water Management
- Policy SCLP10.1: Biodiversity and Geodiversity

Waveney Local Plan

- Policy WLP8.24: Flood Risk
- Policy WLP8.25: Coastal Change Management Area
- Policy WLP8.26: Relocation and Replacement of Development Affected by Coastal Erosion
- Policy WLP8.27: Renewable and Low Carbon Energy
- Policy WLP8.28: Sustainable Construction
- Policy WLP8.30: Design of Open Spaces
- Policy WLP8.31: Lifetime Design
- Policy WLP8.34: Biodiversity and Geodiversity

- 4.4 A screening process considered each policy in the Suffolk Coastal and Waveney Local Plans and concluded whether significant effects were likely and if Appropriate Assessment was therefore needed. The Appropriate Assessments of the Suffolk Coastal and Waveney Local Plans considered the following themes:
 - Recreation pressure,
 - Air quality and traffic emissions,
 - Biodiversity net gain,
 - Urbanisation,
 - Water quality, resources and treatment, and
 - Flood risk and coastal erosion.
- 4.5 Mitigation measures were identified within the Appropriate Assessments and incorporated within both Local Plans, resulting in a conclusion that neither plan would lead to any adverse effects on Habitat sites within and in the vicinity of the (then) Suffolk Coastal and Waveney Districts.

- 5. Assessment of likely significant effects of the Draft Sustainable Construction Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) on Habitat sites
- 5.1 Table 3 below considers each relevant section of the draft Sustainable Construction Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) in relation to whether there is potential for a likely significant effect on protected Habitat sites. This constitutes Stage 1 as set out under paragraph 1.4 above. Consideration is given to the characteristics and location of the protected sites. The relevant sections are considered within the context of the Local Plan policies from which they hang and which have themselves been subject to Habitats Regulations Assessment, as set out in section 4 above.

Chapter	Assessment of potential impact on Habitat	Habitat sites that	Likely significant	AA needed?
	sites	could possibly be	effect identified	
		affected		
2. Water Efficiency and Management	 This chapter outlines the policy requirements in relation to water efficiency and management, and provides specific guidance and advice on the following aspects: efficiency and holistic management; designing for water efficiency; sustainable drainage and flood risk; and, sustainable drainage systems. The requirements in this chapter directly address flood risk and water quality, resources and treatment- two of the themes considered through the Local Plan HRAs. This chapter provides detailed guidance for those considering these specific elements of sustainable construction in schemes. The guidance contained here does not in itself promote new development and will therefore not lead to likely significant effects on Habitat Sites. This chapter also references local plan policies relating to coastal change and 	None	None	No

Table 3: Likely significant effects of the Draft Sustainable Construction Supplementary Planning Document

Chapter	Assessment of potential impact on Habitat	Habitat sites that	Likely significant	AA needed?
	sites	could possibly be	effect identified	
		affected		
	highlights the emerging Coastal Adaptation SPD currently being prepared. The Coastal Adaptation SPD will provide further detailed guidance on this matter. This chapter is descriptive and does not in itself promote new development and will therefore not lead to likely significant			
3. Energy Efficiency and Carbon Reduction	effects on Habitat Sites.This chapter defines many of the terms associated with energy efficiency and carbon reduction and provides guidance on calculating whole life carbon. The policy provides further detail in respect of reducing C02 emissions from developments and retrofitting works. The chapter also clarifies requirements for permitted development. This chapter provides detailed guidance for those applying these specific elements of sustainable construction to schemes. The guidance contained here does not in itself promote new development and will therefore not lead to likely significant effects on Habitat	None	None	No

Chapter	Assessment of potential impact on Habitat	Habitat sites that	Likely significant	AA needed?
	sites	could possibly be	effect identified	
		affected		
4. Materials The chapter details some overall principals to be considered in the selection of materials for use in developments and also provides specific advice on the use of the following: concrete, timber, brick, structural steel and glass. This chapter provides detailed guidance for those applying these specific elements of sustainable construction to schemes. The guidance contained here does not in itself promote development and will therefore not lead to				
likely significant effects on Habitat Sites.5. WasteThis chapter provides advice on waste management during construction, and the provision of waste storage facilities for final occupants. This chapter provides detailed guidance for those considering these specific elements of sustainable construction in schemes. The guidance contained here does not in itself promote development and will therefore not lead to likely significant effects on Habitat Sites.		None	None	No
6. Sitting, Form & Orientation	This chapter provides specific guidance on design in relation to sustainable			

Chapter	Assessment of potential impact on Habitat	Habitat sites that	Likely significant	AA needed?
	sites	could possibly be	effect identified	
		affected		
	construction. The guidance contained here			
	does not in itself promote development and			
will therefore not lead to likely significant				
	effects on Habitat Sites.			
7. Sustainable energy and	This chapter provides specific advice on	None	None	No
construction and the Historic	managing potential impacts on heritage			
Environment	assets. This chapter provides detailed			
	guidance for those wishing to apply			
	sustainable construction methods to, or			
	within the vicinity of, heritage assets. The			
	guidance contained here does not in itself			
	promote development and will therefore			
	not lead to likely significant effects on			
	Habitat Sites.			
8. Sustainable energy and	This chapter provides specific advice on	None	None	No
construction and the Natural	managing potential impacts on the natural			
Environment	environment and specifically landscape			
	character. This chapter specifically			
	references 'European Protected Species'			
	and the need for applicants to demonstrate			
	that their proposals do not compromise the			
	particular objectives of the designation. The			
	guidance contained here will therefore not			

Chapter	Assessment of potential impact on Habitat	Habitat sites that	Likely significant	AA needed?
	sites	could possibly be	effect identified	
		affected		
	lead to likely significant effects on Habitat Sites.			
		None	None	No
10. Construction Methods and Standards	This chapter provides advice and guidance on the use of sustainable construction	None	None	No

Chapter	Assessment of potential impact on Habitat	Habitat sites that	Likely significant	AA needed?
	sites	could possibly be	effect identified	
		affected		
	methods. It also provides an explanation of			
	the standards relating to sustainable			
	construction. This chapter provides detailed			
	guidance for those considering these			
	specific elements of sustainable			
	construction in schemes. The guidance			
	contained here does not in itself promote			
	development and will therefore not lead to			
	likely significant effects on Habitat Sites.			
11. Healthy Buildings and	This chapter highlights the health benefits	None	None	No
Places	of sustainably constructed developments.			
	The guidance contained here does not in			
	itself promote development and will			
	therefore not lead to likely significant			
	effects on Habitat Sites.			
12. Making a Planning	This chapter provides guidance for those	None	None	No
Application	wishing to make a planning application that			
	meets the requirement of the Council's			
	climate change planning policies. This			
	chapter is focused on the information that			
	should be submitted alongside such an			
	application, it is primarily descriptive and			
	will therefore not lead to likely significant			
	effects on Habitat Sites.			

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6. Summary and conclusions

- 6.1 The draft Sustainable Construction Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) provides additional guidance to inform the determination of planning applications alongside the Waveney and Suffolk Coastal Local Plans. The draft Sustainable Construction SPD provides further guidance and advice concerning the sustainable design and construction of residential and commercial developments. The guidance contained in the draft SPD will assist in the implementation of Local Plan and Neighbourhood Plan policies for East Suffolk relating to sustainable design and construction. The SPD, when adopted, be a material consideration in the determining of applications for planning permission.
- 6.2 Natural England were consulted on a draft of this Screening Statement as statutory nature conservation body. Their response is contained in Appendix 4.
- 6.3 Implementation of the Sustainable Construction Supplementary Planning Document will not lead to likely significant effects on protected Habitat sites.

D. Reed

Signed:

Dated: 27/10/2021

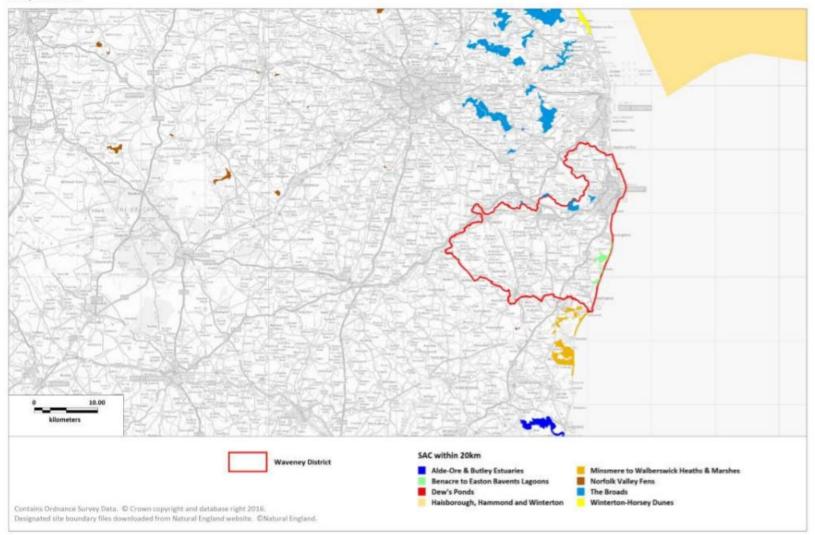
Desi Reed Planning Policy and Delivery Manager East Suffolk Council

Appendix 1: Sources of background information

- East Suffolk Council Suffolk Coastal Local Plan (September 2020)
- East Suffolk Council Waveney Local Plan (March 2019)
- Habitats Regulations Assessment for the Suffolk Coastal Local Plan at Final Draft Plan stage (incorporating Main Modifications) (May 2020)
- The Habitats Regulations Assessment of the Waveney Local Plan (December 2018)
- Habitats Regulations Assessment Recreational Disturbance Avoidance and Mitigation Strategy for Ipswich Borough, Babergh District, Mid Suffolk District and East Suffolk Councils (May 2019)

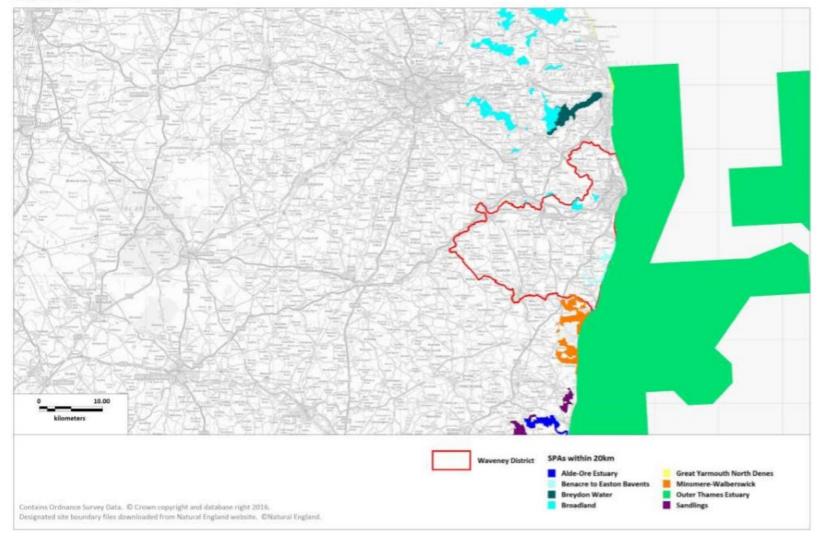
Appendix 2: Locations of Habitat sites

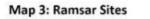
Habitat sites within 20km of the East Suffolk Council-Waveney Local Plan Area

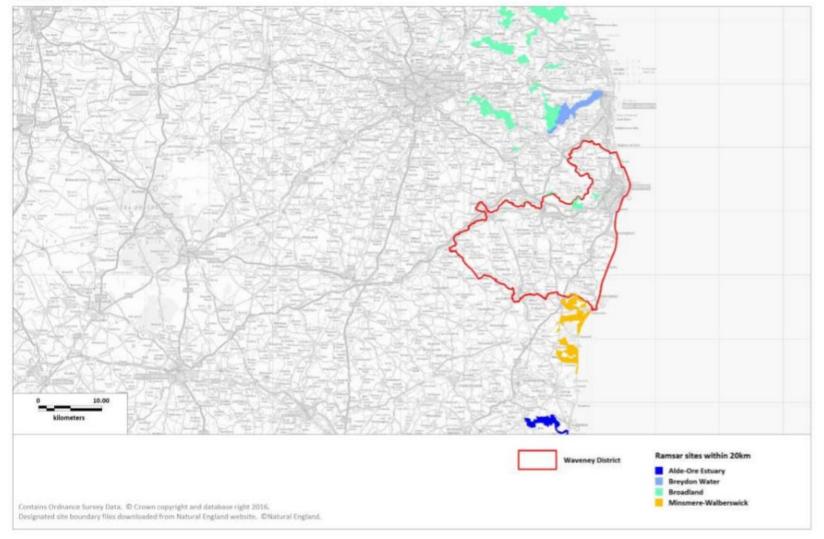


Map 1: SACs

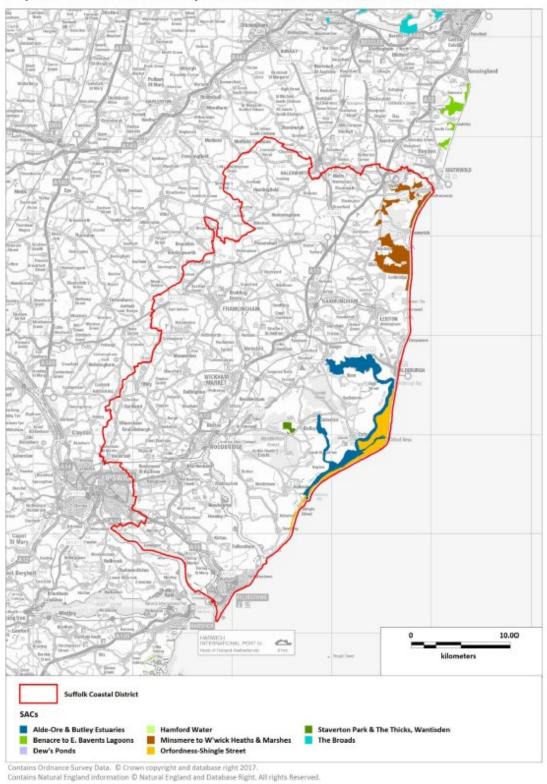




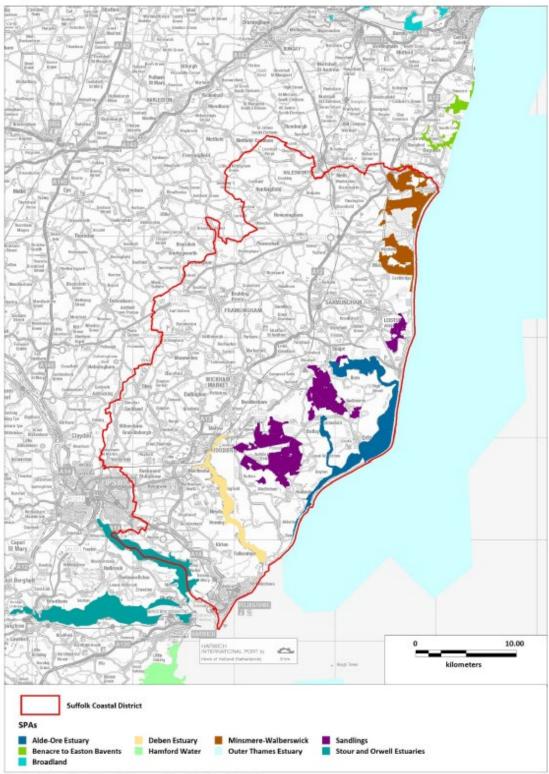




Habitat sites within 20km of the East Suffolk Council-Suffolk Coastal Local Plan Area

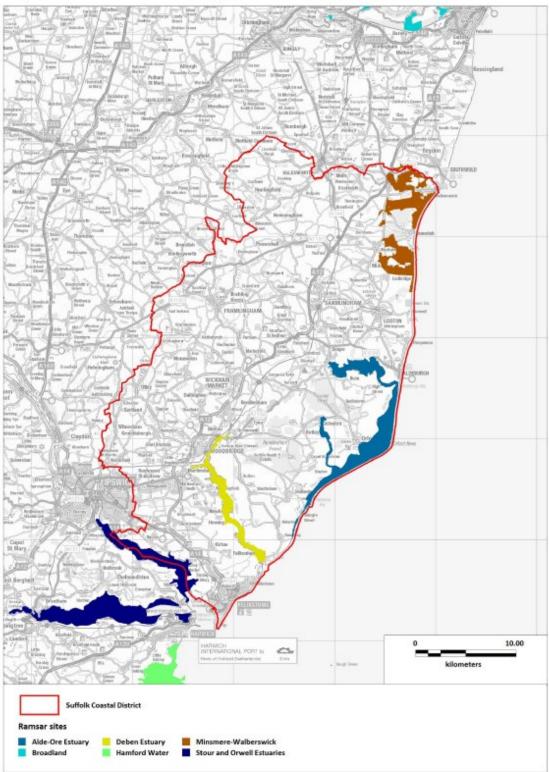


Map 1: SAC sites where boundary within 20km of Suffolk Coastal District



Map 2: SPA sites where boundary within 20km of Suffolk Coastal District

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Map 3: Ramsar sites where boundary within 20km of Suffolk Coastal District

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Name	Qualifying features	Conservation Objectives	Pressure and threats (as summarised in the Habitats Regulations Assessment for the Suffolk Coastal Local Plan at Final Draft Plan Stage (December 2018)
Special Areas of Conse	rvation		
Alde-Ore and But Estuaries	ley H1130:Estuaries H1140: Mudflats and sandflats not covered by seawater at low tide; Intertidal mudflats and sandflats H1330: Atlantic salt meadows		access/disturbance, inappropriate coastal management, coastal squeeze, inappropriate pest control, changes in species distributions, invasive species, air pollution, fisheries (commercial marine and estuarine) (Alde-Ore and Butley Estuaries SAC and
Benacre to Eas Bavents Lagoons	 H1150# Coastal lagoons, A195(B) Sterna albifrons: Little tern A021(B) Botaurus stellaris: Great bittern A081(B) Circus aeruginosus: Eurasian marsh harrier 	and ensure that the site contributes to achieving the Favourable Conservation Status of its Qualifying Features, by	Public access/disturbance, water pollution, physical modification, changes in species distributions, fisheries (marine and estuarine).

		The state of the s	
		The structure and function (including	
		typical species) of qualifying natural	
		habitats, and,	
		The supporting processes on which	
		qualifying natural habitats rely.	
Dew's Ponds	S1166 Triturus cristatus: Great	Ensure that the integrity of the site is	None identified
	crested newt	maintained or restored as appropriate,	
		and ensure that the site contributes to	
		achieving the Favourable Conservation	
		Status of its Qualifying Features, by	
		maintaining or restoring;	
		The extent and distribution of the habitats	
		of qualifying species,	
		The structure and function of the habitats	
		of qualifying species,	
		The supporting processes on which the	
		habitats of qualifying species rely,	
		The populations of qualifying species, and,	
		The distribution of qualifying species	
		within the site.	
Minsmere to Walberswick	H4030 European dry heaths	Ensure that the integrity of the site is	Coastal squeeze, public
Heaths and Marshes	H1210 Annual vegetation of drift	maintained or restored as appropriate,	access/disturbance, changes in species
	lines	and ensure that the site contributes to	
	H1220 Perennial vegetation of	achieving the Favourable Conservation	inappropriate pest control, air pollution,
	stony banks	Status of its Qualifying Features, by	water pollution, deer, fisheries
	A052(B) Anas crecca: Eurasian teal	maintaining or restoring;	(commercial marine and estuarine)
	A021(B) Botaurus stellaris: Great	C	· / /
	bittern	natural habitats and habitats,	
	A081(B) Circus aeruginosus:	,	
	Eurasian marsh harrier		

		The structure and function (including	
	harrier	typical species) of qualifying natural	
	A224(B) Caprimulgus europaeus:	habitats, and,	
	European nightjar	The supporting processes on which	
	A056(B) Anas clypeata: Northern	qualifying natural habitats rely.	
	shoveler		
	A056(NB) Anas clypeata: Northern		
	shoveler		
	A051(B) Anas strepera: Gadwall		
	A051(NB) Anas strepera: Gadwall		
	A132(B) Recurvirostra avosetta:		
	Pied avocet		
	A195(B) Sterna albifrons: Little		
	tern		
	A394(NB) Anser albifrons		
	albifrons: Greater white-fronted		
	goose		
Orfordness – Shingle	H1150: Coastal Lagoons	Ensure that the integrity of the site is	Not identified in Suffolk Coastal Final Draft
Street	H1210: Annual vegetation of drift	maintained or restored as appropriate,	
	lines	and ensure that the site contributes to	
	H1220: Perennial vegetation of	achieving the Favourable Conservation	
	stony banks; Coastal shingle	-	
	vegetation outside the reach of	maintaining or restoring:	
	waves	The extent and distribution of qualifying	
		natural habitats;	
		The structure and function (including	
		typical species) of qualifying natural	
		habitats; and	
		The supporting processes on which	
		qualifying natural habitats rely.	

Staverton Park and The	H9190: Old acidophilous oak	Ensure that the integrity of the site is	Woodland management, disease,
Thicks, Wantisden	woods with Quercus robur on	maintained or restored as appropriate,	atmospheric pollution.
micks, wantisden	sandy plains; Dry oak-dominated	and ensure that the site contributes to	atmospheric polition.
	woodland.	achieving the Favourable Conservation	
	woodiand.	0	
		Status of its Qualifying Features by	
		maintaining or restoring:	
		The extent and distribution of qualifying	
		natural habitats;	
		The structure and function (including	
		typical species) of qualifying natural	
		habitats; and	
		The supporting processes on which	
		qualifying natural habitats rely.	
The Broads	H7210# Calcareous fens with	Ensure that the integrity of the site is	Water pollution, climate change, invasive
	Cladium mariscus and species of	maintained or restored as appropriate,	species, siltation, inappropriate water
	the Caricion davallianae	and ensure that the site contributes to	levels, hydrological changes, water
	S1016 Vertigo moulinsiana:	achieving the Favourable Conservation	abstraction, change in land management,
	Desmoulin`s whorl snail	Status of its Qualifying Features, by	inappropriate ditch management,
	H7230 Alkaline fens	maintaining or restoring;	inappropriate scrub control, changes in
	H6410 Molinia meadows on	The extent and distribution of qualifying	species distributions, public
	calcareous, peaty or clayey-silt-	natural habitats and habitats of qualifying	access/disturbance, undergrazing,
	laden soils (Molinion caeruleae)	species,	drainage, direct impact from 3rd party
	H91E0# Alluvial forests with Alnus	The structure and function (including	
	glutinosa and Fraxinus excelsior	typical species) of qualifying natural	
	(Alno-Padion, Alnion incanae,	habitats,	
	Salicion albae)	The structure and function of the habitats	
	H7140 Transition mires and	of qualifying species,	
	quaking bogs	The supporting processes on which	
		qualifying natural habitats and the	
		habitats of qualifying species rely,	

	H3140 Hard oligo-mesotrophic waters with benthic vegetation of Chara spp H3150 Natural eutrophic lakes with Magnopotamion or Hydrocharition-type vegetation S1355 Lutra lutra: Otter S1903 Liparis loeselii: Fen orchid	The populations of qualifying species, and, The distribution of qualifying species within the site.	
	S4056 Anisus vorticulus: Little ramshorn whirlpool snail		
Special Protection Areas		<u> </u>	
Alde-Ore Estuary (also Ramsar site)	A081: Eurasian marsh harrier (breeding) A132: Pied avocet (non-breeding) A132: Pied avocet (breeding) A151: Ruff (non-breeding) A162: Common redshank (non- breeding) A183: Lesser black-backed gull (breeding) A191: Sandwich tern (breeding) A195: Little tern (breeding)	Ensure that the integrity of the site is maintained or restored as appropriate, and ensure that the site contributes to achieving the aims of the Wild Birds Directive, by maintaining or restoring: The extent and distribution of the habitats of the qualifying features; The structure and function of the habitats of the qualifying features; The supporting processes on which the habitats of the qualifying features rely; The population of each of the qualifying features; and The distribution of the qualifying features within the site.	Hydrological changes, public access/disturbance, inappropriate coastal management, coastal squeeze, inappropriate pest control, changes in species distributions, invasive species, air pollution, fisheries (commercial marine and estuarine) (Alde-Ore and Butley Estuaries SAC and Alde-Ore SPA)
Benacre to Easton Bavents	H1150# Coastal lagoons, A195(B) Sterna albifrons: Little tern	Ensure that the integrity of the site is maintained or restored as appropriate, and ensure that the site contributes to	Public access/disturbance, water pollution, physical modification, changes

	A021(B) Botaurus stellaris: Great	achieving the aims of the Wild Birds	•
	bittern	Directive, by maintaining or restoring;	and estuarine).
	A081(B) Circus aeruginosus:	The extent and distribution of the habitats	
	Eurasian marsh harrier	of the qualifying features,	
		The structure and function of the habitats	
		of the qualifying features,	
		The supporting processes on which the	
		habitats of the qualifying features rely,	
		The population of each of the qualifying	
		features, and,	
		The distribution of the qualifying features	
		within the site.	
Broadlands (also Ramsar	H7210# Calcareous fens with	Ensure that the integrity of the site is	Water pollution, climate change, invasive
site)	Cladium mariscus and species of	maintained or restored as appropriate,	species, siltation, inappropriate water
	the Caricion davallianae	and ensure that the site contributes to	levels, hydrological changes, water
	S1016 Vertigo moulinsiana:	achieving the Favourable Conservation	abstraction, change in land management,
	Desmoulin's whorl snail	Status of its Qualifying Features, by	inappropriate ditch management,
	H7230 Alkaline fens	maintaining or restoring;	inappropriate scrub control, changes in
	H6410 Molinia meadows on	The extent and distribution of qualifying	species distributions, public
	calcareous, peaty or clayey-silt-	natural habitats and habitats of qualifying	access/disturbance, undergrazing,
	laden soils (Molinion caeruleae)	species,	drainage, direct impact from 3rd party
	H91E0# Alluvial forests with Alnus	The structure and function (including	
	glutinosa and Fraxinus excelsior	typical species) of qualifying natural	
	(Alno-Padion, Alnion incanae,	habitats,	
	Salicion albae)	The structure and function of the habitats	
	H7140 Transition mires and	of qualifying species,	
	quaking bogs	The supporting processes on which	
	H3140 Hard oligo-mesotrophic	qualifying natural habitats and the	
	waters with benthic vegetation of	habitats of qualifying species rely,	
	Chara spp	The populations of qualifying species, and,	

	H3150 Natural eutrophic lakes with Magnopotamion or Hydrocharition-type vegetation S1355 Lutra lutra: Otter S1903 Liparis loeselii: Fen orchid S4056 Anisus vorticulus: Little ramshorn whirlpool snail	The distribution of qualifying species within the site.	
Deben Estuary (also Ramsar site)	A046a: Dark bellied brent goose (non-breeding) A132: Pied avocet (non-breeding)	Ensure that the integrity of the site is maintained or restored as appropriate, and ensure that the site contributes to achieving the aims of the Wild Birds Directive, by maintaining or restoring: The extent and distribution of the habitats of the qualifying features; The structure and function of the habitats of the qualifying features; The supporting processes on which the habitats of the qualifying features rely; The population of each of the qualifying features; and The distribution of the qualifying features within the site.	Coastal squeeze, disturbance to birds, water and air pollution.
Outer Thames Estuary	A001: Red-throated Diver (Non- breeding) A195: Common Tern (Breeding) A193: Little Tern (Breeding)	Ensure that the integrity of the site is maintained or restored as appropriate, and ensure that the site contributes to achieving the aims of the Wild Birds Directive, by maintaining or restoring: The extent and distribution of the habitats of the qualifying features;	Not identified in Suffolk Coastal Final Draft Local Plan HRA. SIP identifies fisheries.

		The structure and function of the habitats of the qualifying features; The supporting processes on which the habitats of the qualifying features rely; The population of each of the qualifying features; and The distribution of the qualifying features within the site.	
Minsmere to Walberswick (also Ramsar site)	 H4030 European dry heaths H1210 Annual vegetation of drift lines H1220 Perennial vegetation of stony banks A052(B) Anas crecca: Eurasian teal A021(B) Botaurus stellaris: Great bittern A081(B) Circus aeruginosus: Eurasian marsh harrier A082(NB) Circus cyaneus: Hen harrier A224(B) Caprimulgus europaeus: European nightjar A056(B) Anas clypeata: Northern shoveler A056(NB) Anas strepera: Gadwall A051(NB) Anas strepera: Gadwall 	Ensure that the integrity of the site is maintained or restored as appropriate, and ensure that the site contributes to achieving the aims of the Wild Birds Directive, by maintaining or restoring; The extent and distribution of the habitats of the qualifying features, The structure and function of the habitats of the qualifying features, The supporting processes on which the habitats of the qualifying features rely, The population of each of the qualifying features, and, The distribution of the qualifying features within the site.	Coastal squeeze, public access/disturbance, changes in species distributions, invasive species, inappropriate pest control, air pollution, water pollution, deer, fisheries (commercial marine and estuarine)

	A132(B) Recurvirostra avosetta: Pied avocet A195(B) Sterna albifrons: Little tern A394(NB) Anser albifrons albifrons: Greater white-fronted goose		
Outer Thames Estuary	A001 (W) Gavia stellate Red- throated Diver A195 (B) Sterna hirundo Common Tern A193 (B) Sternula albifrons Little Tern	Ensure that the integrity of the site is maintained or restored as appropriate, and ensure that the site contributes to achieving the aims of the Wild Birds Directive, by maintaining or restoring; The extent and distribution of the habitats of the qualifying features, The structure and function of the habitats of the qualifying features, The supporting processes on which the habitats of the qualifying features rely, The population of each of the qualifying features, and, The distribution of the qualifying features within the site.	Not identified in Suffolk Coastal Final Draft Local Plan HRA. SIP identifies fisheries.
Sandlings	A224: European nightjar (breeding) A246: Woodlark (breeding)	Ensure that the integrity of the site is maintained or restored as appropriate, and ensure that the site contributes to achieving the aims of the Wild Birds Directive, by maintaining or restoring: The extent and distribution of the habitats of the qualifying features;	Changes in species distributions, inappropriate scrub control, deer, air pollution, public access/disturbance.

		The structure and function of the habitats of the qualifying features; The supporting processes on which the habitats of the qualifying features rely; The population of each of the qualifying features; and The distribution of the qualifying features within the site.	
Stour and Orwell Estuaries (also Ramsar site)	A046a: Dark bellied brent goose (non-breeding) A054: Northern pintail (non- breeding) A132: Pied avocet (non-breeding) A141: Grey plover (non-breeding) A143: Red knot (non-breeding) A143: Dunlin (non-breeding) A156: Black-tailed godwit (non- breeding) A162: Common redshank (non- breeding) Waterbird assemblage	Ensure that the integrity of the site is maintained or restored as appropriate, and ensure that the site contributes to achieving the aims of the Wild Birds Directive, by maintaining or restoring: The extent and distribution of the habitats of the qualifying features; The structure and function of the habitats of the qualifying features; The supporting processes on which the habitats of the qualifying features rely; The population of each of the qualifying features; and The distribution of the qualifying features within the site.	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Appendix 4: Natural England Consultation Response

Date: 26 October 2021 Our ref: 368549 Your ref:



Hornbeam House Crewe Business Park Electra Way Crewe Cheshire CW1 6GJ

T 0300 060 3900

Andrea.McMillan@eastsuffolk.gov.uk BY EMAIL ONLY

Dear Andrea McMillan,

Planning Consultation: Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) and Habitats Regulation Assessment (HRA) screening opinion for the draft Sustainable Construction Supplementary Planning Document (SPD)

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated 21 September 2021 which was received by Natural England on the same date.

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

We would like to state our support for the SPD which will positively contribute to Suffolk's admirable target of carbon neutrality by 2030, as lead by East Suffolk Council, Suffolk County Council, and their partners.

Screening Opinion Request: Strategic Environmental Assessment and Habitats Regulation Assessment

Habitats Regulations Assessment

Natural England notes that your authority, as competent authority under the provisions of the Habitats Regulations, has screened the proposal to check for the likelihood of significant effects.

Your assessment concludes that the proposal can be screened out from further stages of assessment because significant effects are unlikely to occur, either alone or in combination. On the basis of the information provided, Natural England concurs with this view.

Strategic Environmental Assessment

Your assessment concludes that the proposal can be screened out from further stages of assessment because significant effects on the environment as a result of the proposal are unlikely to occur. On the basis of the information provided, Natural England concurs with this view.

If you have any queries relating to the advice in this letter please contact me on

Yours faithfully

Sam Kench Norfolk and Suffolk Team