

The Development Consent Process

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Why a new planning process?

Sizewell B4.5 years to decide

LHR Terminal 5
Over 7 years to decide

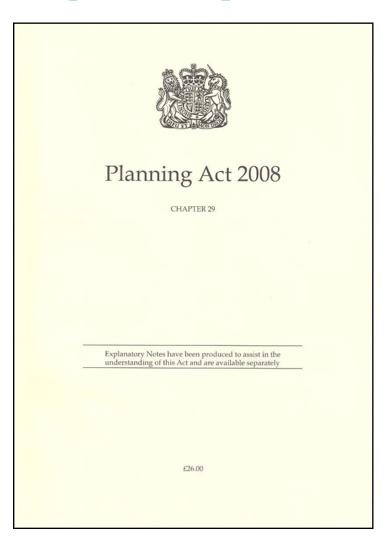






Planning Act 2008 is based on clear principles

- ☐ Clear and statutory timetable
- National Policy addresses need and principles
- □ Front loaded
- □ Predominantly Written Representations
- □ Development as applied for (Development Consent Order)





Pre-Application



Led by the Developer

A chance to influence what the project looks like

A Statutory Requirement



Acceptance -

28 Day Deadline

We will ask Local Authorities for views

Consultation must be adequate, and application must be satisfactory for examination





Pre-Examination ----

Register to participate in the Examination

Inspector(s) will appointed ASAP and will issue a draft timetable

A Preliminary Meeting to discuss the timetable





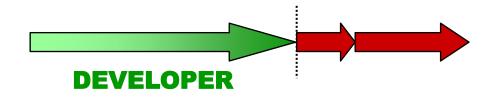
Examination —



A strict timetable for submissions

A bespoke setup of hearings, to suit the case

Cannot last more than 6 months





Reporting ----

The Inspector(s) consider and draft their report

They will make a recommendation to the Secretary of State

Cannot last more than 3 months





Decision

The Inspector(s) consider and draft their report

They will make a recommendation to the Secretary of State

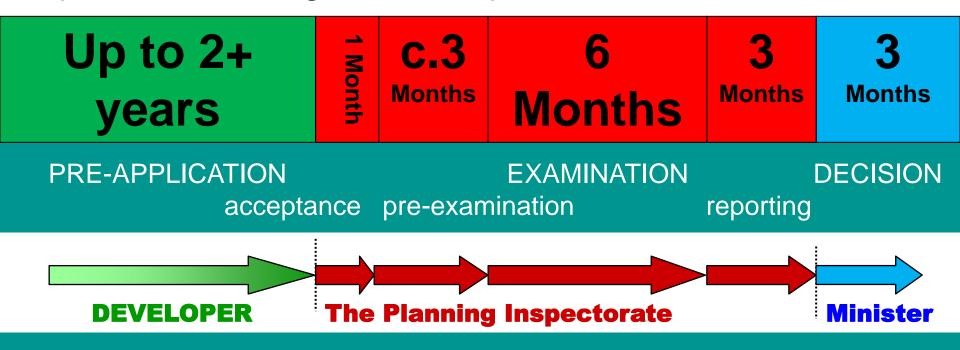
Cannot last more than 3 months





Statutory Timescales

Applications are considered and determined in predictable stages, within predictable timescales





Summary

- Respond to Pre-Application Consultation to influence the scheme
- Register at Pre-Examination to participate in the examination
- Participate in the Examination to influence the decision



Four Key Messages

- 1 The Planning Inspectorate is impartial
- 2 At pre-application the developer is the focus
- The pre application consultation is an iterative process
- The Examining Authority is appointed if the application is accepted



General Advice



Advice Note 2 – the role of local authorities

- •Local authorities' special role participation not mandatory
- Adequacy of consultation representation
- Host County, District and Parish Councils are automatically Interested Parties
- Advocate for communities not representing them
- •Responsible for producing Local Impact Report (evidence based)
- Make written / oral representations
- Negotiate with developer (planning agreement / Statement of Common Ground)
- Requirements and Enforcement





Parish Councillors / Council Members

- Be clear about whether you are representing the Council, yourself or a local group
- Engage with the developer during the pre application stage this
 is your and the community's opportunity to influence the
 proposals
- The Examination is inquisitorial, led by the (Panel of) Examining Inspectors
- Primarily a written process with set deadlines (timetable)
- 3 types of Hearings, each with a different purpose.
- Understand the scope of the examination and the primacy of National Planning Statements
- Politically motivated speeches are of no use to the ExA



The DCO

- Articles / General provisions Powers sought to construct and operate the infrastructure (incl Compulsory Acquisition).
- Schedule of works accurate description of works for which development consent is sought (linked to works plans)
- Other schedules requirements, detailed sub processes and protective provisions
- **Explanatory Memorandum** reasons why powers are being sought.



Effective ways to participate

- It is not necessary to read the whole application site specific sections / topics / non-technical summaries
- The purpose of the Preliminary Meeting is to discuss how the application should be examined – not the merits of the application itself.
- Read the examination timetable and keep up to date with the progress of the examination regularly online or by visiting one of the deposit locations.
- Keep written submissions concise and to the point.
- Stick to any agenda issued by the Panel in advance of any hearings the Panel will control the proceedings.
- Hearings are intended to supplement the written process, not an alternative.
- If possible, use the internet and email to engage with the process more efficient and less wasteful of paper
- The PINS Case Team can help you navigate the process but must remain impartial



Future Stages

- Register a relevant representation to become an "Interested Party" – special status
- Easiest way to register will be to complete a form online via our website, on the project page.
- Your relevant representation can be a list of your main points – you can provide a more detailed representation at a later date if you want to.
- If you are a neighbouring local authority (rather than a host) you will need to register or confirm your intention to become an interested party.





Our Project Pages

stage, you will be able to register to become an interested party on the application. You will always have at least 28 days to register with us.

Follow project updates

http://infrastructure.planningportal.gov.uk/



Further advice and information

Helpline: 0303 444 5000

Email: NIEnquiries@pins.gsi.gov.uk

More Info: infrastructure.planningportal.gov.uk/