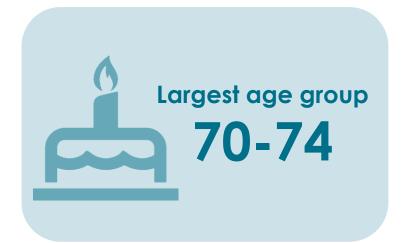


Aldeburgh, Leiston & Saxmundham Community Partnership profile

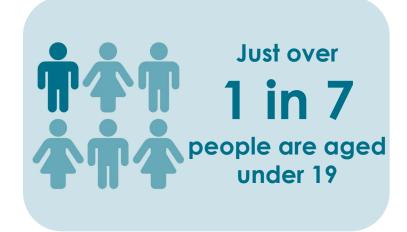


## Population Key facts

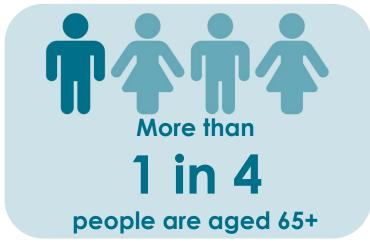




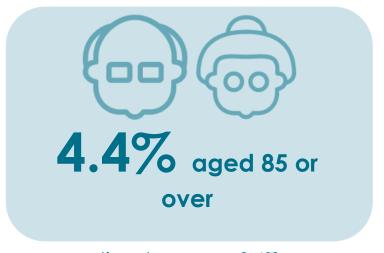




18.7%; national average 23.0%



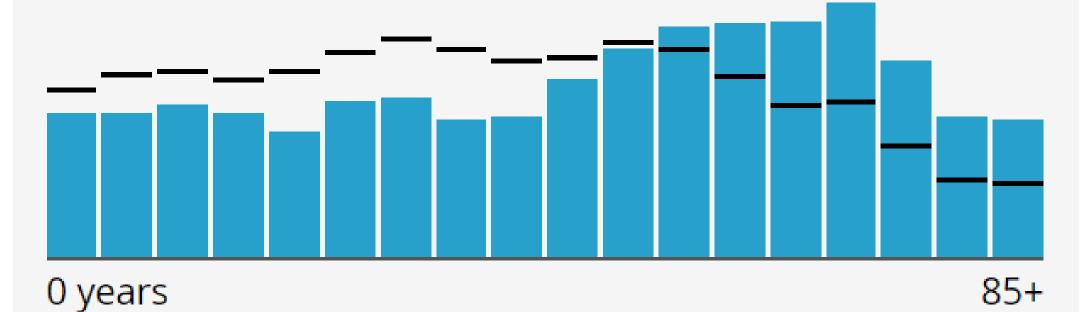
31.0%; national average 18.4%



national average 2.4%

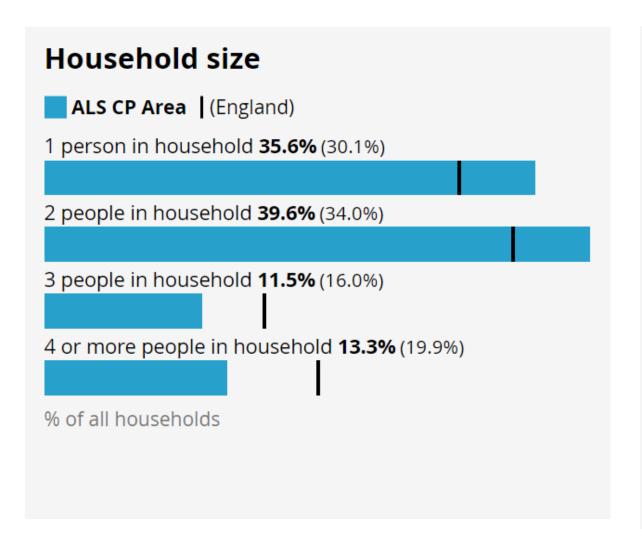
## Age profile

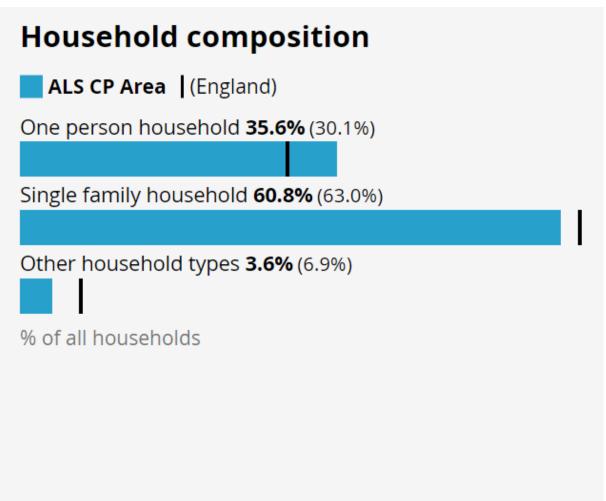
ALS CP Area — (England)



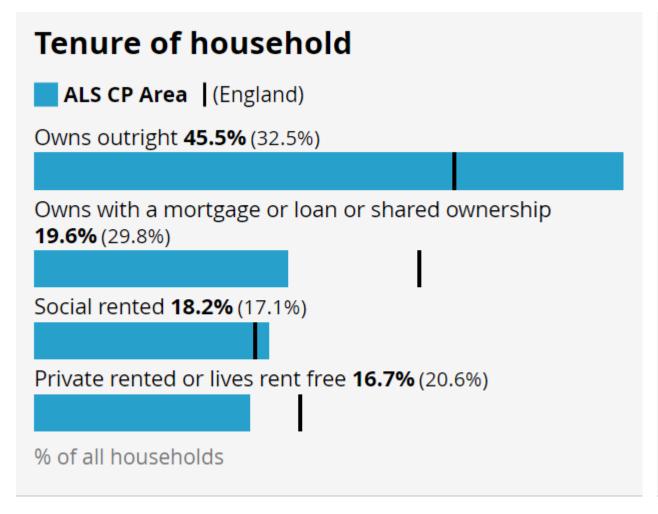
% of all people, 5 year age bands

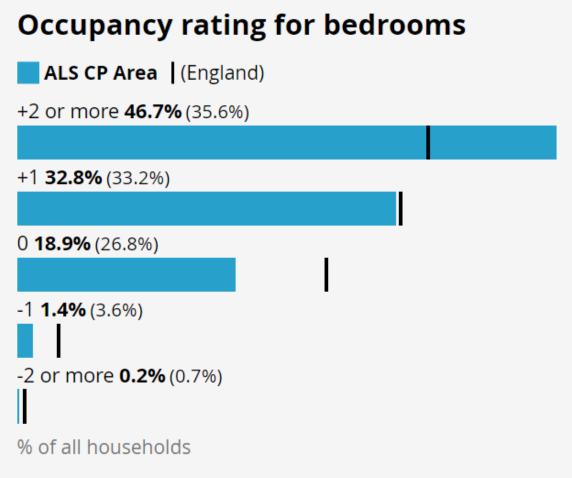
#### Household Size and Composition





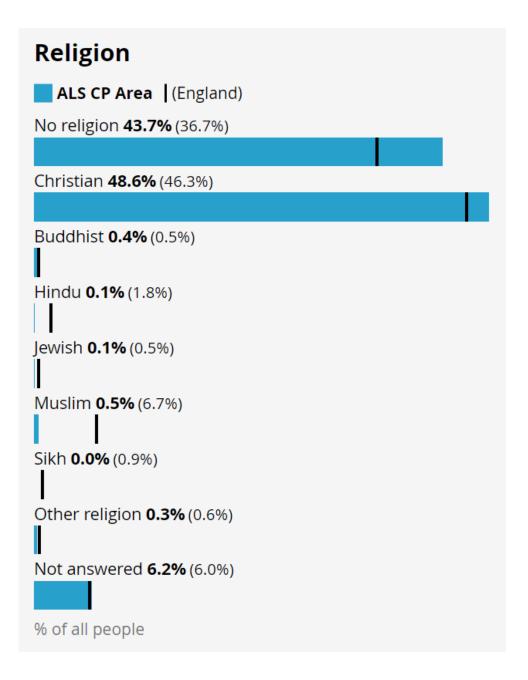
### Tenure and Occupancy Rating



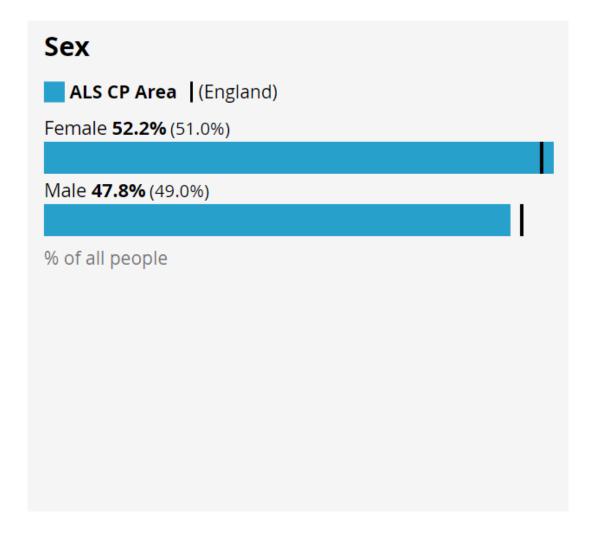


### Ethnic Group and Religion

## Ethnic group ALS CP Area (England) Asian, Asian British or Asian Welsh **1.2%** (9.6%) Black, Black British, Black Welsh, Caribbean or African **0.3%** (4.2%) Mixed or Multiple ethnic groups **1.1%** (3.0%) White **97.0%** (81.0%) Other ethnic group **0.4%** (2.2%) % of all people

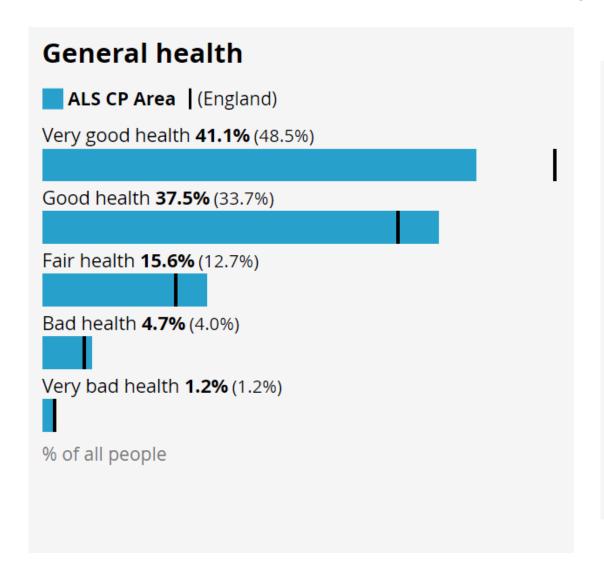


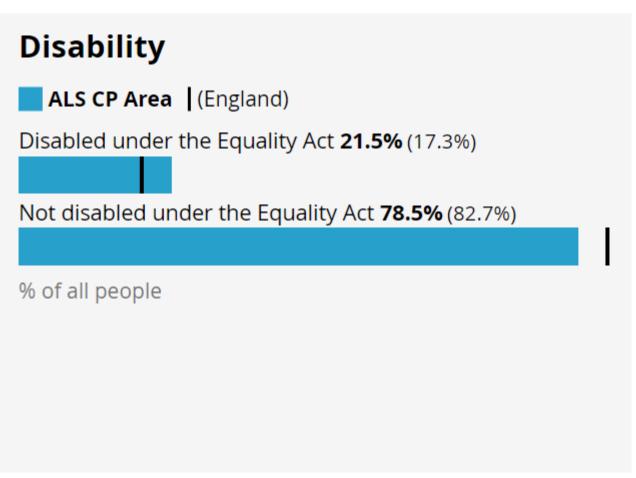
#### Sex and Legal Partnership status





#### General Health and Disability



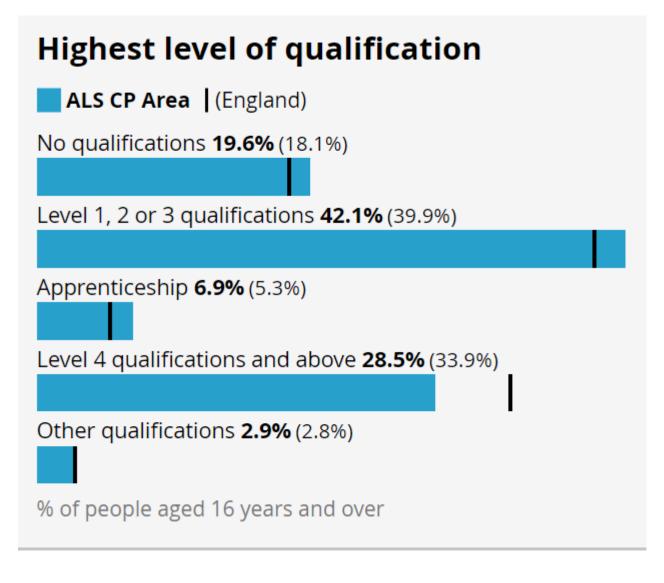


#### Economic Activity Status and Employment History

## **Economic activity status** ALS CP Area (England) Economically active: In employment **49.1%** (57.4%) Economically active: Unemployed **2.3%** (3.5%) Economically inactive **48.6%** (39.1%) % of people aged 16 years and over



### Highest level of qualification



## Population Age breakdown

The age pyramid shows the age breakdown of the population of Aldeburgh, Leiston and Saxmundham against the national average

85+

80-84

60-64

45-49

40-44

35-39

20-24

10-14

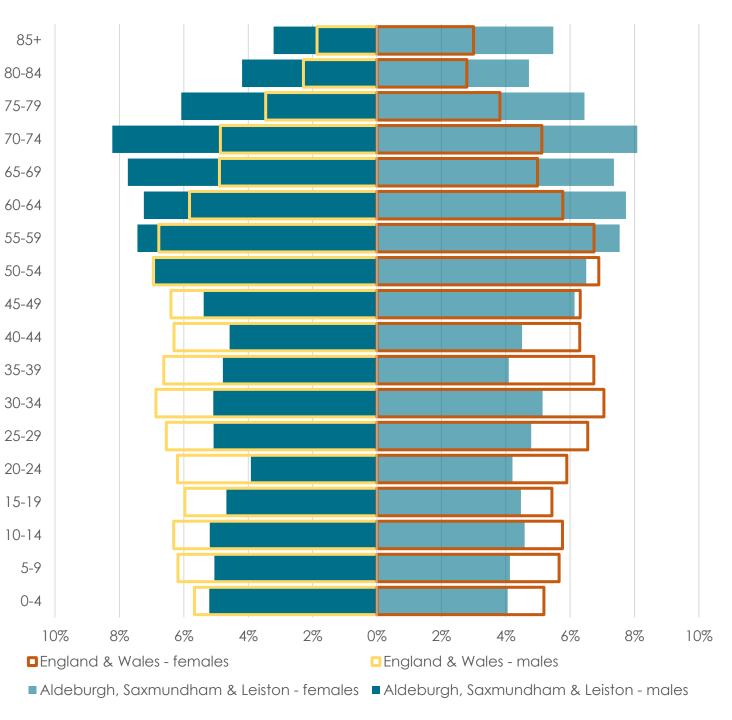
0-4

Most over-represented age group: 85+

Most under-represented age group:

20-24

All groups below the age of 50 account for a smaller proportion of the Aldeburgh, Leiston and Saxmundham population than they do across Great Britain as a whole



## Deprivation Key facts



1,830

people affected by income deprivation

10.9% Suffolk average 10.0%



8.3%

of working age people affected by employment deprivation

Suffolk average 8.3% 720 people



390

children affected by income deprivation

15.3% Suffolk average 13.7%



650

older people affected by income deprivation

10.0% Suffolk average 10.3%

#### Deprivation

#### **Household deprivation**

ALS CP Area (England)

Household is not deprived in any dimension 47.6% (48.4%)

Household is deprived in one dimension **35.0%** (33.5%)

Household is deprived in two dimensions 14.0% (14.2%)

Household is deprived in three dimensions 3.1% (3.7%)

Household is deprived in four dimensions **0.2%** (0.2%)

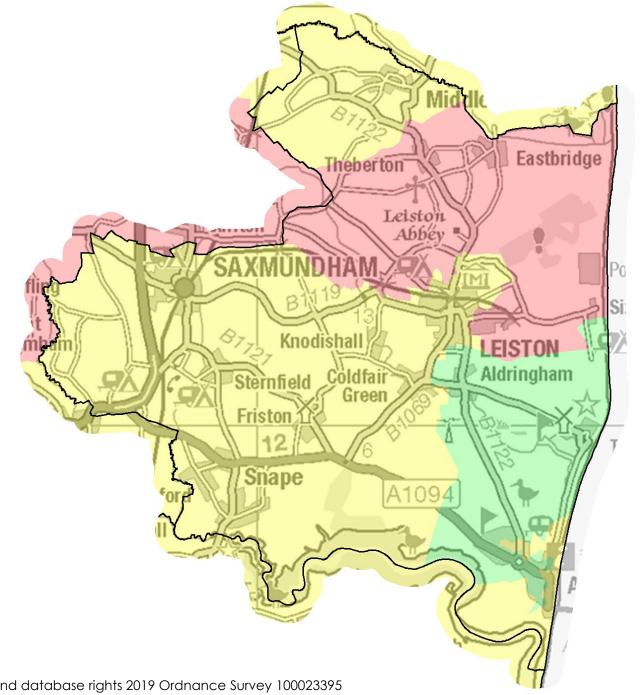
% of all households

#### Deprivation Overall

IMD quintile	Population	% of population
1	0	0%
2	1,880	11%
3	12,915	77%
4	2,032	12%
5	0	0%

1 = most deprived 20% of areas in England

5 = least deprived 20% of areas in England



Source: DCLG Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019 & 2021 Census. Map © Crown copyright and database rights 2019 Ordnance Survey 100023395

#### Deprivation Children

#### Children aged 0-15 income deprived

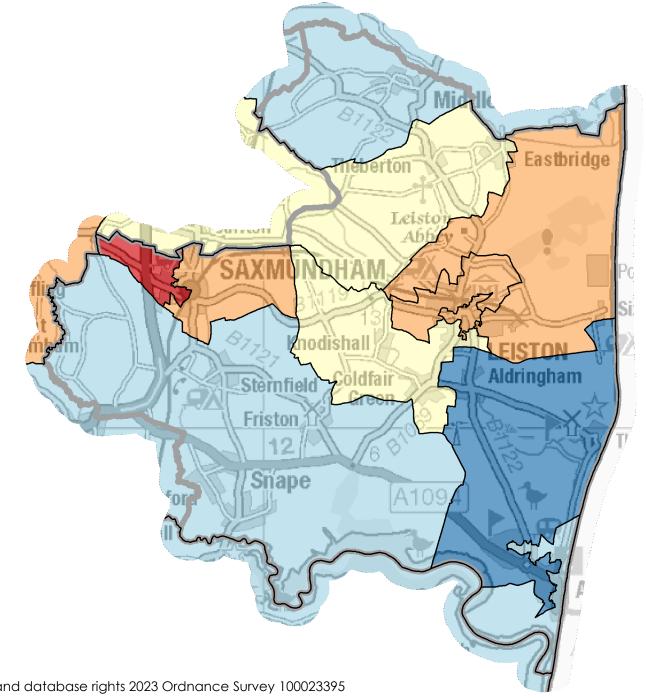
65 to <224

37 to <65

24 to <37

15 to <24

2 to <15



Source: DCLG Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019 & 2021 Census. Map © Crown copyright and database rights 2023 Ordnance Survey 100023395

## Deprivation Older people

#### People aged 60+ income deprived

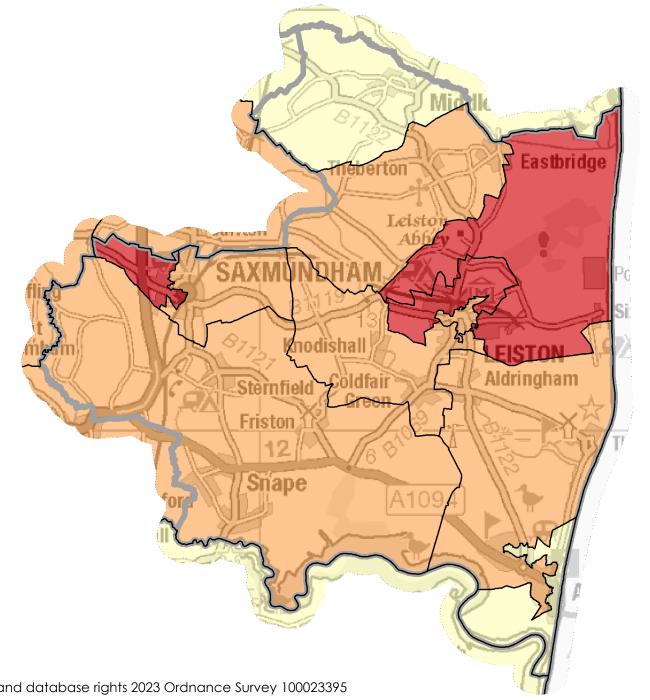
74 to <178

56 to <74

43 to <56

32 to <43

9 to <32



Source: DCLG Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019 & 2021 Census. Map © Crown copyright and database rights 2023 Ordnance Survey 100023395

## Health and social care Life expectancy

w	ard	/com	parator	araa
v	ai a	/ <b>C</b> OIII	paraioi	ui <del>c</del> u

Aldeburgh & Leiston Saxmundham East Suffolk Suffolk

Life expectancy at birth for males	Life expectancy at birth for females		
78.9	84.3		
82.7	81.2		
80.5	83.8		
80.7	84.2		

#### Highest and lowest life expectancy in East Suffolk

Melton Ward (Woodbridge CP)

Harbour & Normanston Ward
(Lowestoft CP)

84.5

79.9



3.8 years

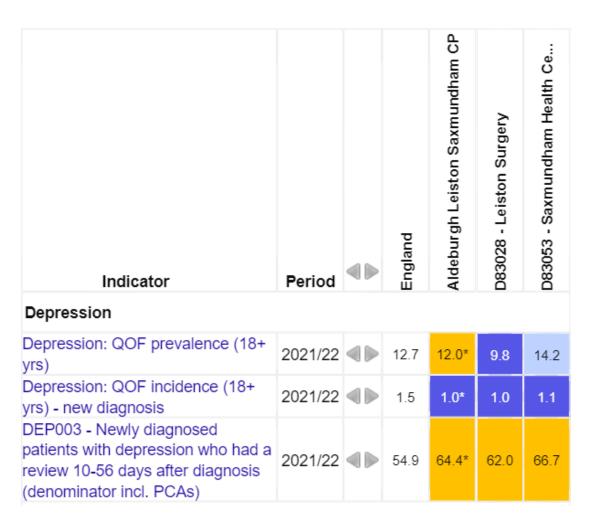
the gap in life expectancy for males between Aldeburgh & Leiston and Saxmundham Wards



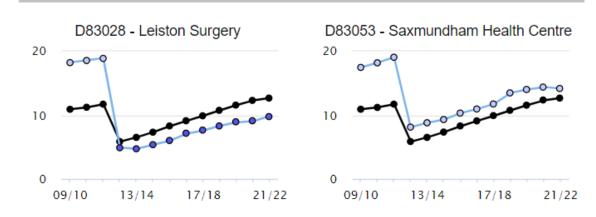
3.1 years

the gap in life expectancy for females between Saxmundham and Aldeburgh & Leiston Wards

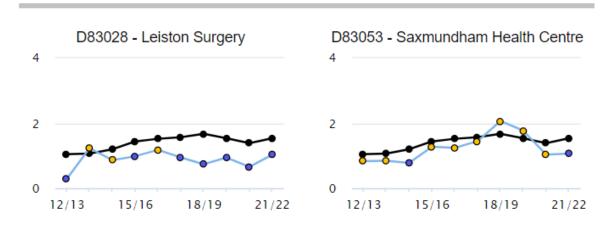
#### Health and social care Mental health



#### Depression: QOF prevalence (18+ yrs)



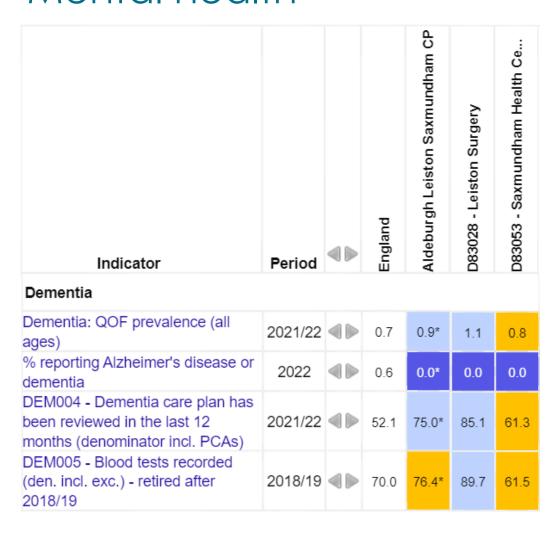
#### Depression: QOF incidence (18+ yrs) - new diagnosis



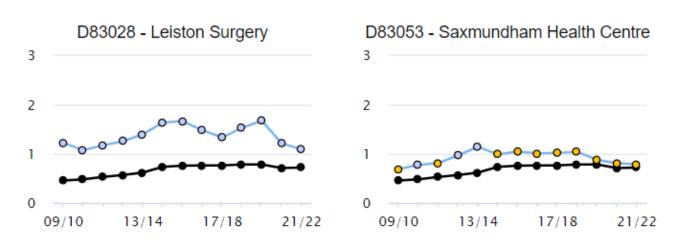
Compared to the England average:

●Lower ●Similar ●Higher ●Not applicable

#### Health and social care Mental health



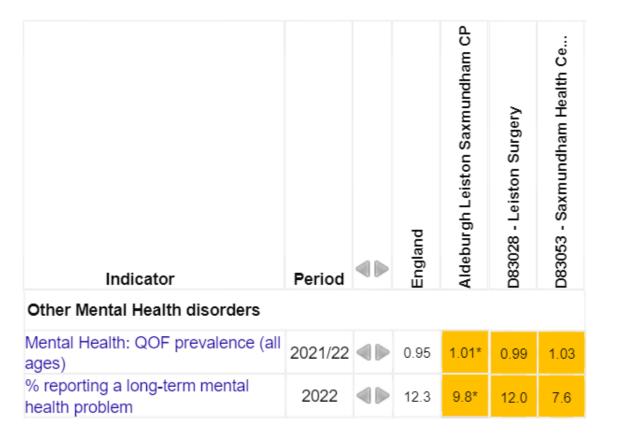
#### Dementia: QOF prevalence (all ages)



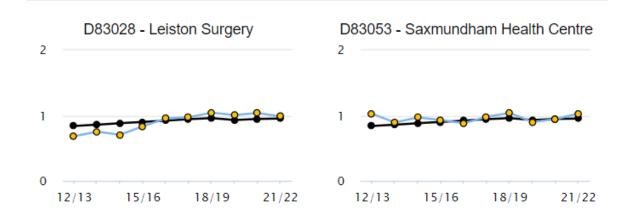
Compared to the England average:

●Lower ●Similar ●Higher ●Not applicable

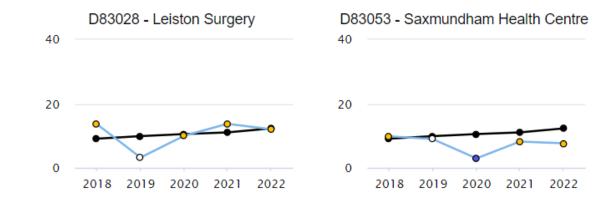
#### Health and social care Mental health



#### Mental Health: QOF prevalence (all ages)



#### % reporting a long-term mental health problem



Compared to the England average:

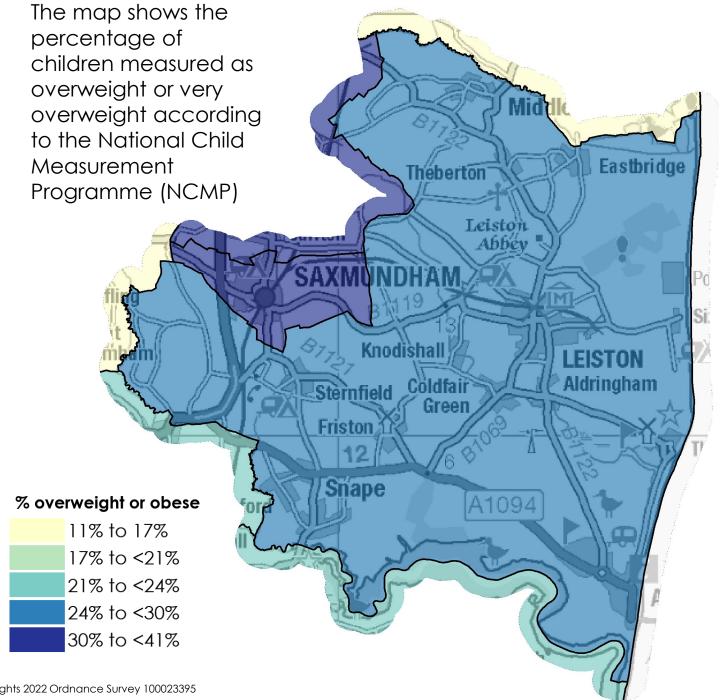
### Health and social care Childhood weight



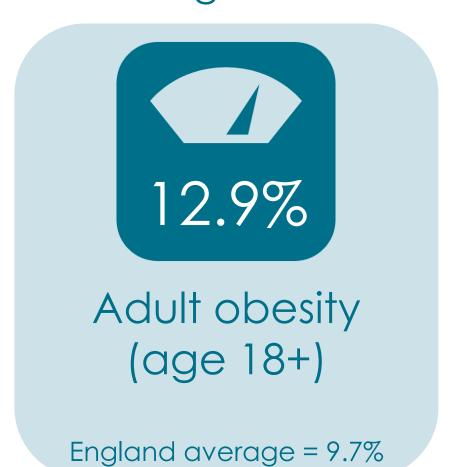
Primary school children\* overweight or obese

Lowest CP: Framlingham & Wickham Market 20.5%

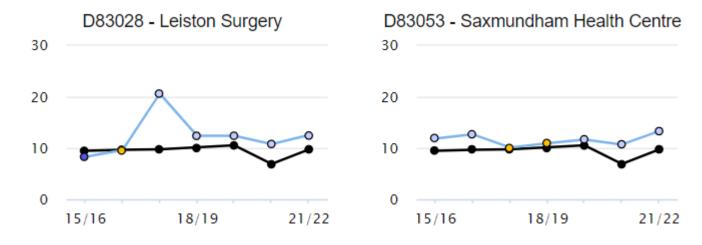
Highest CP: Lowestoft 34.5%



# Health and social care Adult weight



#### **Trends**



Area ▲ ▼	Recent Trend	Count ▲▼		Value ▲▼	95% Lower CI	95% Upper CI
England		4,791,038	9.7		9.7	9.7
Aldeburgh Leiston Saxmundham CP GPs	_	2,009	12.9*	<b>—</b>	12.4	13.5
D83053 - Saxmundham Health Centre	1	1,045	13.3	<b>⊢</b>	12.6	14.1
D83028 - Leiston Surgery		964	12.6	<u> </u>	11.8	13.3

## Environment Fuel poverty

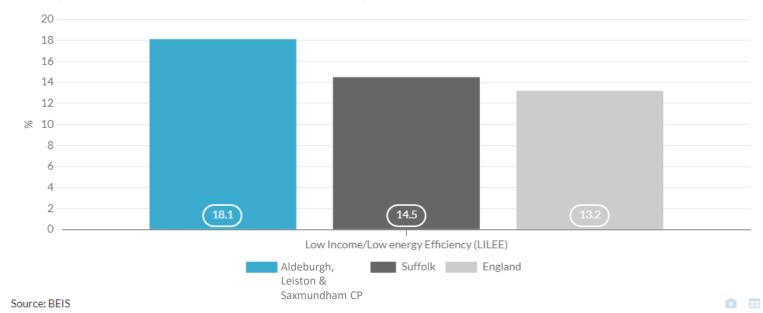
A new definition of fuel poverty was introduced in 2021. This is the 'Low Income Low Energy Efficiency' (LILEE) definition of fuel poverty stating that a household is fuel poor if:

- They are living in a property with an energy efficiency rating of band D, E, F or G
- Their disposable income (income after housing costs and energy needs) is below the poverty line.

Fuel poverty is affected by a household's income, their fuel costs, and their energy consumption which can be affected, in return, by the energy-efficiency of the household's dwelling.

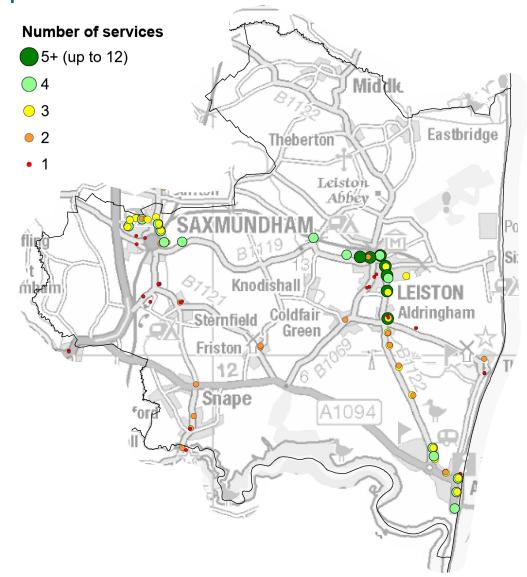
Poor energy efficiency dwellings will require more fuel for heating purposes, and, as a consequence, more CO2 emissions will be produced. Energy efficiency improvements are key as they reduce energy and fuel consumption and, as a result, fuel poverty.

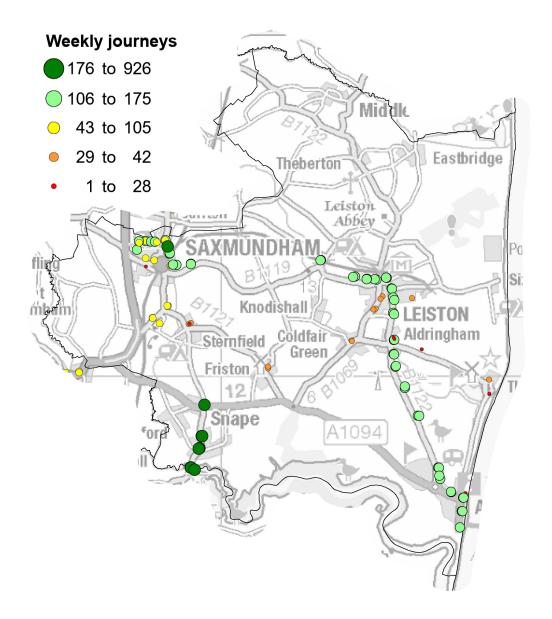
#### Percentage of households in fuel poverty - Low Income/Low energy Efficiency (LILEE) (2020)



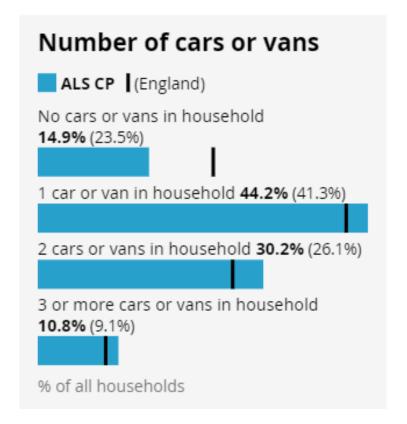
Source: Suffolk Observatory

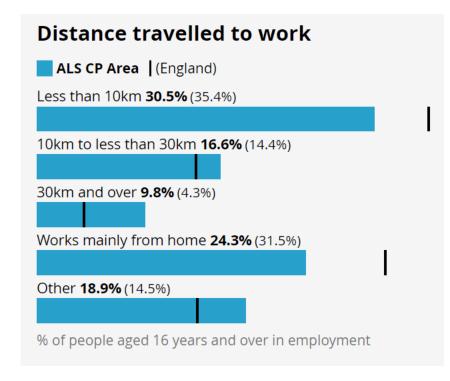
# Community/services Transport

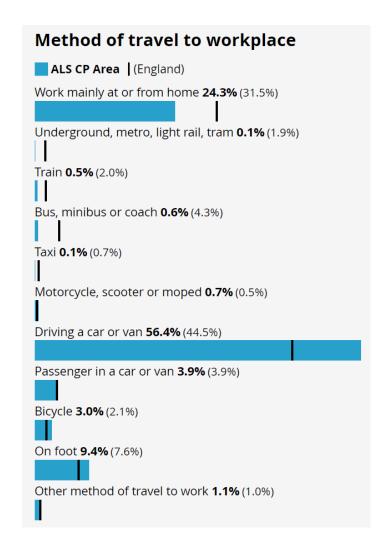




# Community/services Transport/travel to work







# Population by Parish

Parish name	<b>Population</b>
Leiston	5,850
Saxmundham	4,720
Aldeburgh	2,430
Knodishall	790
Aldringham cum Thorpe	790
Snape	690
Benhall	590
Middleton	390
Friston	350
Theberton	270
Sternfield	110